



## Weather Report.

KNOXVILLE, March 15, 1880.  
Time... 7 a.m. 10.32 2 p.m. 2.32  
Barom't'r 30.13 30.08 29.99 29.93  
Therm't'r 43 45 49 48.5  
Wind S.W. 43 44 48 47.5

Maximum Thermometer, 51°; Minimum, 41°; Rainfall, 1.20 inches.  
INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and Ohio valley, cloudy weather and rain in Tennessee, followed by clearing weather in the whole district, winds mostly from northeast to northwest, falling, followed by rising barometer, with slight changes of temperature.

THOMAS ought to have remained in Cincinnati to hear Sam Tilden play his lars next summer.

SAM TILDEN ought to belong to a brass band. Nobody in the world can make the democracy flat so successfully as he can.

HAS the "15" puzzle got anything to do with the rain? It does look as if Jupiter has sat down to work it and forgot to turn off the stop-cock.

THAT great songstress, Christine Nilsson, whose marvellous power as a songstress and actress is known all over the world, is now at Paris, suffering from a complete loss of her voice.

THE Cincinnati Commercial says that crop reports from eleven northwestern states indicate an increased yield in winter wheat of about sixty per cent.

IF Mrs. Lockwood's arguments are as pithy as her letter to Ben Hill, there's no reason in the world why she shouldn't be a supreme court judge some day.

THE New York Mail thinks Theodore Thomas left Cincinnati because he knew if he stayed there that the disorders of the democratic convention would run him crazy.

OUR dispatches this morning indicate that the temperature of the average sand-lotter's anger has fallen a degree or two. Threats of cold lead is an argument that has great weight with him.

THOMAS B. KEOGH, of North Carolina, is out in a letter to secretary Sherman in regard to the now famous Moulton Sherman letter, in which the honorable secretary is pretty badly used.

HON. J. B. HAWLEY first assistant secretary of the treasury, has resigned. He was appointed in 1877. His reason for so doing is to procure time to canvass the state of Illinois for the governorship.

As will be seen in another column, Ben Hill stirred up the wrong woman when he began to threaten Mrs. Lockwood with damages. She invites him to enter suit, and come at her like one lawyer should to another.

LITTLE Giescom of the Chattanooga Commercial will have plenty to do to run his own sheet successfully without introducing his prominent proboels into the management of either the Chattanooga Times or the CHRONICLE.

AN attempt was made to assassinate Mayor Baxter, of Louisville, Saturday afternoon. The would-be murderer was within three steps of him when the shot was fired, and his escape is almost miraculous. The assailant was a discharged employe of the street cleaning bureau.

THE Denver Tribune says: "Washington's strength lies in the necessity for an aggressive campaign. Part of it is negative and part of it is positive. That portion of it which is negative is his long absence from the country during a time when many exciting events were taking place, and his necessary independence of them in consequence."

THE democrats having found that it was impossible to do away with the restrictions thrown around a free ballot by wise election laws, by means of riders tacked on to appropriation bills, will try another way. Those election laws are a veritable thorn in the flesh to them. As long as they are on the statute books they will not be satisfied, but inasmuch as a strong presidential backbone stands in their way, and very likely will until the 4th of March, when another equally as strong will take its place, they find they can't get over them, and will now try to get around them. Our dispatches report how this is to be done. If we are not much mistaken, though, a veto will settle this little matter.

A Family Poisoned.  
Dr. R. B. Gwynn, the attending physician, reports a dreadful attempt to poison the family of Parson Williams who reside near Huntsville, Scott county, in this state. Mr. Williams and his entire family, eight persons in all, are lying in a critical condition. It is supposed that the milk they drank for supper a few nights ago was poisoned with arsenic.  
This is the second time the same family has been poisoned, the first about seven months since. The fact that Mr. Williams and family are habitually respected by all who know them, and they have no knowledge of a single enemy, makes this terrible crime inexplicable.—Chattanooga Commercial.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

The Duty on Paper and Paper Materials Must Go.

Another Blow at the Federal Election Laws Given in the Senate.

Mr. Acklen, of Louisiana, Wants a Constitutional Amendment.

The Crookedness of a Prominent Virginia Divine.

Kearney's Sand-lotters Appreciate the Arguments of the Citizens' Protective Union.

## XLVI. CONGRESS.

## SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 15.  
Senator Davis (Ill.), presented a memorial of the publishers of the principal newspapers of Chicago, asking that the present duty of 20 per cent. on the valuation of unsized paper be repealed. The memorialists say this tax produces little revenue, and serves only to enlarge the profits of the manufacturing monopolists. They also ask for the abolition of duty on soda, ash, wood, straw and other pulps, and on type. Senator Davis spoke in advocacy of the memorial, and, in the course of his remarks, said that, while he regretted that it might not be policy, at this session, to reform the tariff as a whole, there was no reason why this particularly desirable change should not be made at once.

The vice president laid before the senate a communication from the secretary of the interior, transmitting, in response to a senate resolution, information regarding changes of the location of the line of the Northern Pacific railroad.

Senators Williams and Beck (Ky.) presented memorials of the Press Association of Kentucky for the abolition of duty on all articles used in making paper. Senator Johnston and others presented similar petitions.

Senator Conkling (N. Y.) presented a memorial of the officers of steam vessels, asking a modification of the law relative to the fees of pilots.

Senator Bayard (Delaware) from the judiciary committee, reported favorably senate bill prohibiting the arrest of election officers on election day. It makes it unlawful for marshals, deputies, or supervisors to arrest or imprison on election day any election officer acting by virtue of state laws for any offense against the United States election laws, but a warrant on process for such offense may be executed at any time after the close of such election day. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Edmunds (Vermont) stated that he and other members of the committee did not concur in the majority report.

Senator Gordon (Ga.) presented a petition of ex-confederate officers concerning the preservation of the records of the battle of Gettysburg. Senator McDonald (Ind.) submitted the views of minority on the bill to reimburse several states for interest paid on war loans, which was recently reported adversely from the judiciary committee.

The senate resumed the consideration of the star route deficiency appropriation bill as reported from the senate appropriations committee. The preamble recites that the deficiency results from violations of the law by the postoffice department. The bill then appropriates \$1,100,000 for the expense of mail service on star routes for the remainder of the fiscal year. No further increase of trips or expedition of time is to be made, and it appropriates \$100,000 for placing the new service. No contract is to be increased more than 50 per cent.

Senator Wallace, (Penn.), explained the changes in the bill, saying the business interests of the country demand that the service shall be kept up to the existing standard, and that the contracts made in good faith shall not be abrogated and contractors ruined, because of the errors of the department. When the authors of the errors are discovered they will be punished. Meanwhile, the committee think the service should not be crippled. Senator Maxey (Texas) supported the committee's bill, but thought the preamble unnecessary and unjust. The post-

master-general had full discretion under existing law and had done what he thought best, and the result had justified his action. The Fort Worth and Yuma route, about which there had been so much said, was increased principally through Senator Maxey's own efforts. It had helped much in facilitating the wonderful growth of Texas, and other routes had had a similar effect in the states.

Senator Beck (Ky.) supported the preamble, declaring that the postmaster-general had violated the law by expending so much of the appropriation in the first part of the year as to make deficiency inevitable.

Pending debate, the senate adjourned.

## HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 15.  
Under a call of the states, the following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Singleton (Ill.)—In relation to telegraphic communication. It provides that all telegraph messages delivered for transmission to any telegraph company availing itself of the provisions of title 65 of the revised statutes, and copies thereof, made by such company, at the place of destination or any intermediate point shall be deemed to be and shall be protected from unreasonable search and seizure and production as evidence in judicial and legislative proceedings to the same extent as communications sent by the United States mail.

By Mr. Williams (Ky.)—Resolutions of the Kentucky legislature approving the address of the Mississippi river commission; also for the relief of soldiers of the late war.

By Mr. O. Turner (Ky.)—Resolutions of the Kentucky legislature, asking for a reduction of the president's salary to \$25,000.

By Mr. Ellis (La.)—by request—To revive the act of June 3, 1856, and to make a grant of land to Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Pacific railroad and steamboat company.

By Mr. Acklen (La.)—Proposing a constitutional amendment. It recites the fact that evidently the growing tendency in the United States to the centralization of power in the federal government has awakened throughout the country just fear that in the near future the perpetuation of this union may again be imperiled by internal commotion, thereby wrecking the peace and prosperity of this republic, and breaking down those doctrines of the perpetual union of states, finally and fully settled by the war, as well as infringing upon the home rule of states guaranteed by the constitution, and proposes a constitutional amendment declaring that the union of these United States shall be perpetual, and that all acts or attempts to separate or destroy this union shall be treason against the federal government and shall be punished as such.

The state lines and boundaries shall be inviolate provided that new states may be formed with the consent of the states from which they are formed, and the right of a state to make, execute and enforce its local laws, by or through its representatives or officials, shall never be interfered with by the federal government.

By Mr. Buckner (Mo.)—For the adjournment of congress on the 24th of May.

By Mr. Tucker (Va.)—Appropriating \$25,000 for the relief of the daughter and granddaughter of Zaccariah Taylor.

A bill to abolish all tolls on the Louisville and Portland canal around the rapids in the Ohio river was passed.

Mr. Cox (N. Y.) was recognized by the speaker to move to suspend the rules and pass a bill for the relief of the suffering Irish, but was cut off by a motion to adjourn. He, however, obtained leave to have the report of the committee on foreign affairs on the bill printed.

Adjourned.

## WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 15.  
In the Senate to-day Senator Thurman submitted the report of the judiciary committee on the bill removing the political disabilities of Wm. S. Maxwell, who, before the war, was attorney general of a judicial district in Tennessee, and took an oath to support the constitution of the United States. He afterwards aided the rebellion, and now therefore petition for the removal of his disabilities. The report says that if he was an executive officer, within the meaning of the word in the constitution, his disabilities were removed by the law approved May 22, 1872, consequently there is no

necessity for the passage of the bill in this or any similar case. The bill was therefore indefinitely postponed.

The house committee on naval affairs has agreed to report favorably the Johnson bill regulating the mode of purchasing tobacco for the navy.

The house commerce committee to-day resumed the hearing on the bill abolishing compulsory pilotage. It is understood that a special hearing will be given southern pilots, who believe they will be especially injured by the passage of the proposed bill.

## VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, March 14.—This community was startled, this morning, by the public announcement that Dr. Luther R. Dickinson, editor and proprietor of the Planter and Farmer magazine, and a prominent citizen of Richmond, has been engaged, for two years past, in a systematic course of forgery, using forged endorsements of Messrs. Jeter & Dickson, proprietors of the Religious Herald, to negotiate rates of his own, which he offered for discount at various banking institutions in this city, or sold to note holders. He has also, for some time past, forged endorsements of Rev. Dr. Geo. B. Taylor, Baptist missionary to Rome, Italy, and Rev. Chas. E. Taylor, professor in Wakeforest college, North Carolina, both of whom are his brothers-in-law. The fact that he was the brother of Rev. Dr. A. E. Dickinson, junior member of the firm of Jeter & Dickinson, and was otherwise so highly connected, dispelled all suspicions of the genuineness of the signatures forged, and he might have continued his criminal operations for a long time to come but for the recent death of Rev. Dr. J. B. Jeter, of the firm of Jeter & Dickinson.

The settling up of the affairs of Dr. Jeter, deceased, led to the discovery of the forgeries, and the former finding that the disclosure of his many crimes was about to be made, left the city last Thursday, ostensibly on business, since when he has not been heard from. He left behind the following letter:

"March 11th. I desire to make to my friends and creditors a frank confession of my sin and folly in fraudulently using the name and credit of others in the vain hope of extricating myself from embarrassments caused by the bad management of my affairs. I am compelled to flee from my home utterly penniless and solemnly declare my purpose to devote the balance of my life to the payment of my every indebtedness, and I invoke charitable judgment and treatment on the part of all concerned, R. L. DICKINSON."

Investigation into the forgeries show that they will aggregate \$28,000, or more. Rev. Dr. E. A. Dickinson has converted all his real and personal estate in trust for the benefit of the sufferers by his brother's crimes.

PETERSBURG, March 14.—A disease known as black measles is prevailing to an alarming extent in several of the adjacent counties. During the past few days a number of sudden deaths have resulted from it.

## CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—A fire broke out in the hold of the Pacific mail steamer, "City of Sydney," among the cargo. The vessel is lying at the dock, and six engines are playing on the fire. At 11 p. m. the fire was still burning, with no immediate prospect of its being extinguished. As far as can be ascertained it is located just forward of amidships, either in the lower hold or on the lower deck. There is lumber and a lot of Honolulu freight stored in that part of the ship. Water is being poured rapidly and it is probable that the steamer will have to be pretty well flooded. Arrangements are not yet determined upon for replacing her on the line.

There was a large attendance at the sand-lots this afternoon, including many of the respectable classes, drawn thither by curiosity. Kearney took an entirely new departure. He invited the leaders of the citizens' protective union to meet the leaders of the working men on the sand-lots for an exchange of views, promising them a respectful hearing. He also informed his followers that the objects of the citizens' union had been misapprehended that they had intended to use the association for the amelioration of the condition of the city for the good of the laboring classes and the restoration of prosperity; that some unscrupulous men had taken advantage of the movement, to create the impression that

## MERCHANTS

Should not fail to examine the

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE

STOCK OF

STOVES AND TINWARE

CARRIED BY HAVEY, ROLEN & CO., MARKET SQUARE, Knoxville, Tenn.

They offer great inducements

Opera House.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY. WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

March 17 and 18.

Special Engagement of the Brilliant Young Tragedian

FREDERICK PAULDING

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. FRANK LAWLER.

Wednesday, Evening March 17, MR. PAULDING in his New Study of PRINCE HAMLET in Shakespeare's Great Masterwork.

## HAMLET.

FRANK PAULDING. "We have seen no presentation of the part that could compare with his, excepting Booth's, and we are not sure that Mr. PAULDING is not in many respects a more wonderful HAMLET than even Booth."—Charleston News and Courier.

Thursday Evening, March 18.

FRANK PAULDING.

LADY OF LYONS

Claude Melnotte Frederick Paulding

Secure your seats at Williams' Book Store, Astorhouse, 2nd floor, Gallery Box. No extra charge for reserved seats.

Violent measures against the workmen were intended, whereas nothing of the kind was meant. His audience received his novel speech, undemonstratively. At the Metropolitan Temple this evening Kalloch adopted Kearney's cue and spoke to similar effect. It is evident that the citizens' union is making its influence felt.

## NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 14.—All the piano manufacturers have made arrangements to close their factories to-morrow. It is estimated that about 4,000 workmen will be thrown out of employment.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A meeting of the members of the Circle of Franciscan de Harmonie was held at the club house yesterday, for the purpose of taking action in reference to the centennial celebration of the battle of Yorktown. It unanimously voted that Leon Chateau be requested to act as an interpreter of the sentiments and opinions of the French population of America in urging the French government to take immediate measures in the matter of the celebration as soon as President Hayes shall send to the French government a formal invitation to assist in the commemoration. M. Chateau accepted the mission in a short speech. He promised to give every effort to secure the success of the project.

J. W. Comeran & Co., brokers, on Broad street, suspended this morning. Their embarrassment is said to be due to contracts in Nashville and Chattanooga stock.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

## New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Money \$1.65 1/8. Exchange, \$4.84. Government securities quiet and steady. 5's, \$1.07 1/2; 4's, \$1.07 1/2; 3's, \$1.07 1/2.

## New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Cotton: net receipts, 542 bales; gross, 2,921 bales. Futures closed steady; sales, 151,000 bales. March, 13.06 1/2; April, 13.12; May, 13.13 1/2; June, 13.49 1/2; July, 13.61 1/2; August, 13.69 1/2; September, 13.74 1/2; October, 13.84 1/2; November, 13.88 1/2; December, 13.94.

## New York Grain Market.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Wheat in fair demand and quiet. Wheat, No. 1, \$1.30; No. 2, \$1.28; No. 3, \$1.26; No. 4, \$1.24; No. 5, \$1.22; No. 6, \$1.20; No. 7, \$1.18; No. 8, \$1.16; No. 9, \$1.14; No. 10, \$1.12; No. 11, \$1.10; No. 12, \$1.08; No. 13, \$1.06; No. 14, \$1.04; No. 15, \$1.02; No. 16, \$1.00; No. 17, \$0.98; No. 18, \$0.96; No. 19, \$0.94; No. 20, \$0.92; No. 21, \$0.90; No. 22, \$0.88; No. 23, \$0.86; No. 24, \$0.84; No. 25, \$0.82; No. 26, \$0.80; No. 27, \$0.78; No. 28, \$0.76; No. 29, \$0.74; No. 30, \$0.72; No. 31, \$0.70; No. 32, \$0.68; No. 33, \$0.66; No. 34, \$0.64; No. 35, \$0.62; No. 36, \$0.60; No. 37, \$0.58; No. 38, \$0.56; No. 39, \$0.54; No. 40, \$0.52; No. 41, \$0.50; No. 42, \$0.48; No. 43, \$0.46; No. 44, \$0.44; No. 45, \$0.42; No. 46, \$0.40; No. 47, \$0.38; No. 48, \$0.36; No. 49, \$0.34; No. 50, \$0.32; No. 51, \$0.30; No. 52, \$0.28; No. 53, \$0.26; No. 54, \$0.24; No. 55, \$0.22; No. 56, \$0.20; No. 57, \$0.18; No. 58, \$0.16; No. 59, \$0.14; No. 60, \$0.12; No. 61, \$0.10; No. 62, \$0.08; No. 63, \$0.06; No. 64, \$0.04; No. 65, \$0.02; No. 66, \$0.00; No. 67, \$0.00; No. 68, \$0.00; No. 69, \$0.00; No. 70, \$0.00; No. 71, \$0.00; No. 72, \$0.00; No. 73, \$0.00; No. 74, \$0.00; No. 75, \$0.00; No. 76, \$0.00; No. 77, \$0.00; No. 78, \$0.00; No. 79, \$0.00; No. 80, \$0.00; No. 81, \$0.00; No. 82, \$0.00; No. 83, \$0.00; No. 84, \$0.00; No. 85, \$0.00; No. 86, \$0.00; No. 87, \$0.00; No. 88, \$0.00; No. 89, \$0.00; No. 90, \$0.00; No. 91, \$0.00; No. 92, \$0.00; No. 93, \$0.00; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00.

## General Market.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Southern flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, futures 1.25; lower and heavy; cash opened lower and closed active; ungraded red, \$1.40 1/2; No. 1, \$1.40 1/2; No. 2, \$1.40 1/2; No. 3, \$1.40 1/2; No. 4, \$1.40 1/2; No. 5, \$1.40 1/2; No. 6, \$1.40 1/2; No. 7, \$1.40 1/2; No. 8, \$1.40 1/2; No. 9, \$1.40 1/2; No. 10, \$1.40 1/2; No. 11, \$1.40 1/2; No. 12, \$1.40 1/2; No. 13, \$1.40 1/2; No. 14, \$1.40 1/2; No. 15, \$1.40 1/2; No. 16, \$1.40 1/2; No. 17, \$1.40 1/2; No. 18, \$1.40 1/2; No. 19, \$1.40 1/2; No. 20, \$1.40 1/2; No. 21, \$1.40 1/2; No. 22, \$1.40 1/2; No. 23, \$1.40 1/2; No. 24, \$1.40 1/2; No. 25, \$1.40 1/2; No. 26, \$1.40 1/2; No. 27, \$1.40 1/2; No. 28, \$1.40 1/2; No. 29, \$1.40 1/2; No. 30, \$1.40 1/2; No. 31, \$1.40 1/2; No. 32, \$1.40 1/2; No. 33, \$1.40 1/2; No. 34, \$1.40 1/2; No. 35, \$1.40 1/2; No. 36, \$1.40 1/2; No. 37, \$1.40 1/2; No. 38, \$1.40 1/2; No. 39, \$1.40 1/2; No. 40, \$1.40 1/2; No. 41, \$1.40 1/2; No. 42, \$1.40 1/2; No. 43, \$1.40 1/2; No. 44, \$1.40 1/2; No. 45, \$1.40 1/2; No. 46, \$1.40 1/2; No. 47, \$1.40 1/2; No. 48, \$1.40 1/2; No. 49, \$1.40 1/2; No. 50, \$1.40 1/2; No. 51, \$1.40 1/2; No. 52, \$1.40 1/2; No. 53, \$1.40 1/2; No. 54, \$1.40 1/2; No. 55, \$1.40 1/2; No. 56, \$1.40 1/2; No. 57, \$1.40 1/2; No. 58, \$1.40 1/2; No. 59, \$1.40 1/2; No. 60, \$1.40 1/2; No. 61, \$1.40 1/2; No. 62, \$1.40 1/2; No. 63, \$1.40 1/2; No. 64, \$1.40 1/2; No. 65, \$1.40 1/2; No. 66, \$1.40 1/2; No. 67, \$1.40 1/2; No. 68, \$1.40 1/2; No. 69, \$1.40 1/2; No. 70, \$1.40 1/2; No. 71, \$1.40 1/2; No. 72, \$1.40 1/2; No. 73, \$1.40 1/2; No. 74, \$1.40 1/2; No. 75, \$1.40 1/2; No. 76, \$1.40 1/2; No. 77, \$1.40 1/2; No. 78, \$1.40 1/2; No. 79, \$1.40 1/2; No. 80, \$1.40 1/2; No. 81, \$1.40 1/2; No. 82, \$1.40 1/2; No. 83, \$1.40 1/2; No. 84, \$1.40 1/2; No. 85, \$1.40 1/2; No. 86, \$1.40 1/2; No. 87, \$1.40 1/2; No. 88, \$1.40 1/2; No. 89, \$1.40 1/2; No. 90, \$1.40 1/2; No. 91, \$1.40 1/2; No. 92, \$1.40 1/2; No. 93, \$1.40 1/2; No. 94, \$1.40 1/2; No. 95, \$1.40 1/2; No. 96, \$1.40 1/2; No. 97, \$1.40 1/2; No. 98, \$1.40 1/2; No. 99, \$1.40 1/2; No. 100, \$1.40 1/2.

## COFFIN, WILSON &amp; CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

Corner Gay and Reservoir Streets,

Keep the Largest Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES,

KEPT IN

EAST TENNESSEE,

AND

Allow no one to Undersell Them.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HAZARD RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

Lewis & Carhart,

Wholesale Grocers,

Knoxville, Tennessee.

Unsurpassed facilities for supplying the trade with Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

At New York Prices, freight added.

Agents for Holston Salt and Plaster Company and Lenoir's and Rockford Yarns.

Plenty of storage room to store produce for their customers.

BEST QUALITY COAL OIL.

Lewis & Carhart.

NEW GOODS:

FOR THE

Early 1880 Spring Trade,

AT

BARTON'S.

JUST RECEIVED A VERY LARGE LOT OF

HAMBURG EDGINGS. HAMBURG INSERTINGS

From 1-8 to 6-inch Embroidery.

These goods are a fresh importation—very handsome and very cheap.

ALSO JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Black Cashmeres and Black Silks.

Kid Gloves all grades, in Black, White, Dark and Opera colors; New Dress Buttons; Black Silk Fringes; New Neck Ruchings and Skirt Ruchings; Bleached

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Curtain Shades and Fittings, Nottingham Curtain Nets, Lace Lambrequins, etc. Boys' Clothing, Genuine "Anker" Bolting

Cloths, Nos. 8 to 11.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

71 Gay Street, KNOXVILLE, TENN. ALVIN BARTON.

## Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—Flour, dull, steady; Howard street and western superfine, \$4.25; extra, \$4.25; family, \$4.25; city mill superfine, \$4.25; extra,